

Name: _____
Date: _____ Score: ____/28 points

ASL 101: Lesson 7 - Meeting Someone
Created Sentences: Guided Reading

Fill in the Blank. Read Created Sentences in Lesson 7 to fill-in-the blanks below. [Each blank is worth 1 point.]

Word Bank	forgot	past
topic/comment sentence	not	pause
to	one	two
"to-be"	each	hand
made	sign	context
incorporated	directional	directions
expressions	flexibility	meaning
different	emphasize	

- 1) Nice to see you again. == NICE SEE-YOU AGAIN.
The "to" in the sentence "Nice to see you again," has a _____ meaning than the ASL sign TO. The ASL sign TO is used to indicate _____ as in "I am going to the house" or "It is a long walk to school." It is _____ used for translations in such sentences as "I would like _____ play" or "Do you want to eat now?"
- 2) Nice to see you again. == NICE SEE-YOU AGAIN.
SEE is a _____ verb sign. The sign SEE-YOU is _____ sign because the pronoun YOU is _____ into the sign when Fred moves his _____ towards Sally when signing SEE.
- 3) Nice to see you again. == NICE SEE-YOU AGAIN.
Because YOU is incorporated into the sign SEE-YOU, it is not necessary to _____ it.
- 4) Nice to see you again. == NICE SEE-YOU AGAIN.
There may be instances where you will want to sign SEE YOU as _____ separate signs. For example, this might occur if you wanted to _____ that you really needed to see someone (e.g., I MUST SEE YOU.)
- 5) I'm sorry that I'm late. == I LATE, SORRY.
There is a slight _____ after the sign LATE. This pause is made by simply holding the hand in the position where the sign LATE is _____.
- 6) I'm sorry that I'm late. == I LATE, SORRY.
There is some _____ in how a pronoun is used in the translation of "I'm sorry. I'm late." Some signers might prefer the following translation: I LATE, I SORRY.
- 7) I'm sorry that I'm late. == I LATE, SORRY.
There is no verb _____ in ASL, but we know Fred is talking about the _____ when he signs "I LATE TOO" because of what Sally had said to him.
- 8) That's all right. I was late too. == ALL-RIGHT. I LATE TOO.
ASL is a _____ or concept based language. Also, _____ plays a big role in ASL translations.
- 9) Who? You? == WHO? YOU?
The simple and common utterance "Who? You?" is translated with a sign for _____ word.

10) Who? You? == WHO? YOU?

For the sentence, "Who? You?" to work, the signer must use appropriate facial _____

11) I also forgot the time I was supposed to meet you. == TIME me-MEET-you, I FORGOT TOO.

"I also forgot the time I was supposed to meet you." This is a "_____". The important point that Fred is trying to make is that he _____ about the time that he was supposed to meet Sally.

Short Answer. Answer each question in the space provided. [point values are in parentheses]

12) I also forgot the time I was supposed to meet you. == TIME me-MEET-you, I FORGOT TOO.

What kind of verb-sign is MEET? [1 point]

13) I also forgot the time I was supposed to meet you. == TIME me-MEET-you, I FORGOT TOO.

To sign me-MEET-you, where is one hand held in the signing space? [1 point]

14) I also forgot the time I was supposed to meet you. == TIME me-MEET-you, I FORGOT TOO.

To sign me-MEET-you, the other hand moves where? [2 points]

15) That's a relief. I feel better. Thank you. == RELIEF. I FEEL BETTER. THANK-YOU.

When Sally signs RELIEF, what does she do to indicate her feeling relief? [2 points]
