

ASL 102: Lesson 8 - More Signs from the Deaf Community
Deaf Culture: Guided Reading

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Select the best answer for each statement or question below.

- 1) What came about that allowed Deaf people were able to join the rest of the population for an evening of big screen entertainment?
 - a) popcorn
 - b) drive-in movies
 - c) silent movies
 - d) sign language
- 2) Deaf people's ability to enjoy a movie was the same as everyone else as long as they were able to read the _____ scattered throughout the movies.
 - a) printed dialog
 - b) ASL
 - c) commercials
 - d) captions
- 3) Eventually what caused an entire population of Deaf people to find themselves cut off from this form of entertainment?
 - a) talking movies
 - b) ASL
 - c) tall people blocking the view
 - d) inability to read
- 4) _____ is difficult and to understand what a person is saying on a flat screen is very difficult if not impossible for much of a movie
 - a) signing
 - b) making silent movies
 - c) using a hearing aid
 - d) lipreading
- 5) Deaf people would still go to the movies, once talking was introduced, but mostly only what type?
 - a) romantic comedies
 - b) documentaries
 - c) action-packed
 - d) comedies
- 6) When were some movies made available for open-captions?
 - a) 1970s
 - b) 1960s
 - c) 1980s
 - d) 2000s
- 7) An open-captioned movie has the dialog burned right onto the film so that it _____ appears when the movie is shown.
 - a) sometimes
 - b) usually
 - c) never
 - d) always

- 8) An open-captioned movie is, in some ways, similar to _____ movies.
- a) subtitled
 - b) closed-captioned
 - c) translated
 - d) signed
- 9) Open-captioned movies were not widely distributed and typically were loaned out to all BUT which of the following places?
- a) Deaf clubs
 - b) Schools for the Deaf
 - c) other places that served the Deaf community
 - d) small movie theaters
- 10) Later, movies were open-captioned that were then shown on the big screen at _____ theaters.
- a) local
 - b) Deaf
 - c) drive-in
 - d) community
- 11) The selected open-captioned movies were those that had already been _____ for a few months
- a) closed-captioned
 - b) translated to ASL
 - c) shown in a theater
 - d) shown at the Oscars
- 12) How often would a few theaters in a state show these open-captioned movies?
- a) every Sunday
 - b) every other Saturday morning
 - c) once in a blue moon
 - d) one evening or weekend morning a month
- 13) What do we call today's new technology that makes dialog accessible in theaters?
- a) open-captioning
 - b) closed-captioning
 - c) rear-window captioning
 - d) ASL captioning
- 14) In which of the following can rear-window captioning NOT be found?
- a) multiplex theaters
 - b) IMAX theaters
 - c) churches
 - d) theme parks
- 15) Rear window captioning gets its name from the fact that captions are sent out from the back of the theater to the viewer who uses a _____ to read the captions without having to look backward
- a) headset
 - b) set of earphones
 - c) interpreter
 - d) mirror-like object
- 16) Basically, an LED _____ is placed at the back of the theater.
- a) message board
 - b) billboard
 - c) flashing sign
 - d) robot

- 17) In rear-window captioning, backward lettering is scrolled across the board in a _____
- a) HDTV
 - b) reverse manner
 - c) private room
 - d) LED display
- 18) How does someone watching the movie use rear-window captioning? They have an adjustable _____ attached to the armrest of the chair.
- a) remote control
 - b) Plexiglas device
 - c) mirror
 - d) LCD display
- 19) The Plexiglas device picks up the _____ of the LED message board, which is now being scrolled forward, and with proper lettering.
- a) transmission
 - b) reflection
 - c) sounds
 - d) radar frequency